

# SAMPLE QUESTIONS FOR THE FINAL EXAMINATION PART 1

- 1) Let  $S$  be the part of the paraboloid  $z = x^2 + y^2$  that lies below the plane  $z = 1$ , oriented upward. Let  $\vec{F} = y^2\vec{i} + x\vec{j} + z^2\vec{k}$ .

a) Evaluate  $\iint_S (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{F}) \cdot \vec{n} ds$ , directly.

b) Evaluate  $\oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ , directly, where  $C$  is the boundary of  $S$ .

c) Verify the Stoke's Theorem.

ANSWER: a)  $\pi$  b)  $\pi$  c)  $\iint_S (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{F}) \cdot \vec{n} ds = \oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$

- 2) Let  $S$  be the part of the cone  $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$  bounded by the plane  $z = 4$ , oriented downward. Let  $\vec{F} = -y\vec{i} + x\vec{j} - 2\vec{k}$ .

a) Evaluate  $\iint_S (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{F}) \cdot \vec{n} ds$ , directly.

b) Evaluate  $\oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ , directly, where  $C$  is the boundary of  $S$ .

c) Verify the Stoke's Theorem.

ANSWER: a)  $-32\pi$  b)  $-32\pi$  c)  $\iint_S (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{F}) \cdot \vec{n} ds = \oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$

- 3) Let  $S$  be the part of the paraboloid  $z = 5 - x^2 - y^2$  that lies above the plane  $z = 1$ , oriented upward. Let  $\vec{F} = -2yz\vec{i} + y\vec{j} + 3x\vec{k}$ .

a) Evaluate  $\iint_S (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{F}) \cdot \vec{n} ds$ , directly.

b) Evaluate  $\oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ , directly, where  $C$  is the boundary of  $S$ .

c) Verify the Stoke's Theorem.

ANSWER: a)  $8\pi$  b)  $8\pi$  c)  $\iint_S (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{F}) \cdot \vec{n} ds = \oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$

- 4) Let  $S$  be the hemisphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ ,  $y \geq 0$ , oriented in the direction of positive  $y$ -axis. Let  $\vec{F} = y\vec{i} + z\vec{j} + x\vec{k}$ .

a) Evaluate  $\iint_S (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{F}) \cdot \vec{n} ds$ , directly.

b) Evaluate  $\oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ , directly.

c) Verify the Stoke's Theorem.

ANSWER: a)  $-\pi$  b)  $-\pi$  c)  $\iint_S (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{F}) \cdot \vec{n} ds = \oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$